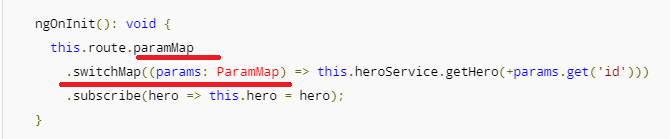
1. Although [NgModel](https://angular.io/api/forms/NgModel) is a valid Angular directive, it isn't available by default. It belongs to the optional [FormsModule](https://angular.io/api/forms/FormsModule). You must opt-in to using that module.
2. Immediately I save the TS file corresponding JS and js map file will be created.
3. I can’t use “const” keyword inside a class i.e.

Export class ClassName{

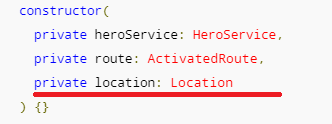
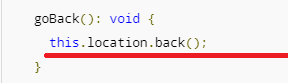
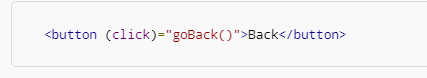
}

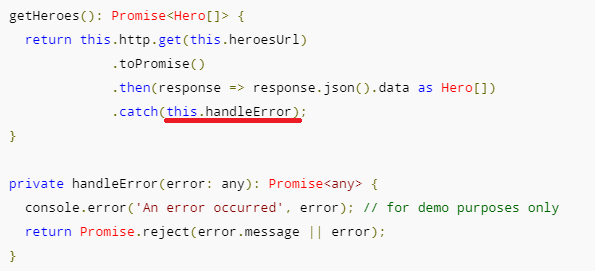
1. An simple example on how to compare in Angular 2is 🡺\*ngIf = ”obj1===obj2”
2. import { [Component](https://angular.io/api/core/Component), [Input](https://angular.io/api/core/Input) } from '@angular/core';
3. **Examples on @Input we will see this once after seeing DPK notes**
4. While Using the Promise I got the Following error in the console🡺

**“Cannot find a differ supporting object ‘[object Promise]’ of type ‘object’ . NgFor only supports binding to iterables such as arrays”.**

1. Multi Component Chapter has 🡺 @Input
2. Service Chapter has🡺 life cycle hooks
3. The Angular router is an external, optional Angular NgModule called [RouterModule](https://angular.io/api/router/RouterModule).
4. ([RouterOutlet](https://angular.io/api/router/RouterOutlet), [RouterLink](https://angular.io/api/router/RouterLink), [RouterLinkActive](https://angular.io/api/router/RouterLinkActive))🡺 all are directive it seems
5. Needed more information on the [ParamMap](https://angular.io/api/router/ParamMap) 🡺 this is present in the Routing chapter
6. import 'rxjs/add/operator/**switchMap'**🡺 this is present in the Routing chapter
7. example on SwitchMap and ParamMap is🡺
8. Do you need to unsubscribe?

The subscriptions are cleaned up when the component is destroyed, protecting against memory leaks, so you don't need to unsubscribe from the route paramMap Observable.

1. **Routing was not working properly for me.**
2. Now add an option, a goBack() method that navigates backward one step in the browser's history stack using the [Location](https://angular.io/api/common/Location) service.
3. import { [Location](https://angular.io/api/common/Location) } from '@angular/common';
4. 
5. 
6. 
7. The [HttpModule](https://angular.io/api/http/HttpModule) is not a core NgModule. [HttpModule](https://angular.io/api/http/HttpModule) is Angular's optional approach to web access. It exists as a separate add-on module called @angular/http
8. **Needed more explanation on InMemoryWebApiModule and InMemoryDbService**
9. Example on catch operator



1. The Angular http.get returns an RxJS Observable. Observables are a powerful way to manage asynchronous data flows
2. We can converted the Observable to a Promise using the toPromise operator. 🡺 import 'rxjs/add/operator/toPromise';
3. 